§ 35.432

(c) A licensee shall notify the Radiation Safety Officer, or his or her designee, and an authorized user as soon as possible if the patient or human research subject has a medical emergency or dies.

§ 35.432 Calibration measurements of brachytherapy sources.

- (a) Before the first medical use of a brachytherapy source on or after October 24, 2002, a licensee shall have—
- (1) Determined the source output or activity using a dosimetry system that meets the requirements of §35.630(a);
- (2) Determined source positioning accuracy within applicators; and
- (3) Used published protocols currently accepted by nationally recognized bodies to meet the requirements of paragraphs (a)(1) and (a)(2) of this section.
- (b) A licensee may use measurements provided by the source manufacturer or by a calibration laboratory accredited by the American Association of Physicists in Medicine that are made in accordance with paragraph (a) of this section.
- (c) A licensee shall mathematically correct the outputs or activities determined in paragraph (a) of this section for physical decay at intervals consistent with 1 percent physical decay.
- (d) A licensee shall retain a record of each calibration in accordance with \$35.2432.

§ 35.433 Decay of strontium-90 sources for ophthalmic treatments.

- (a) Only an authorized medical physicist shall calculate the activity of each strontium-90 source that is used to determine the treatment times for ophthalmic treatments. The decay must be based on the activity determined under \$35.432.
- (b) A licensee shall retain a record of the activity of each strontium-90 source in accordance with §35.2433.

§ 35.457 Therapy-related computer systems

The licensee shall perform acceptance testing on the treatment planning system of therapy-related computer systems in accordance with published protocols accepted by nationally recognized bodies. At a minimum, the ac-

ceptance testing must include, as applicable, verification of:

- (a) The source-specific input parameters required by the dose calculation algorithm;
- (b) The accuracy of dose, dwell time, and treatment time calculations at representative points;
- (c) The accuracy of isodose plots and graphic displays; and
- (d) The accuracy of the software used to determine sealed source positions from radiographic images.

§ 35.490 Training for use of manual brachytherapy sources.

Except as provided in §35.57, the licensee shall require an authorized user of a manual brachytherapy source for the uses authorized under §35.400 to be a physician who—

- (a) Is certified by a medical specialty board whose certification process includes all of the requirements in paragraph (b) of this section and whose certification has been recognized by the Commission or an Agreement State; or
- (b)(1) Has completed a structured educational program in basic radionuclide handling techniques applicable to the use of manual brachytherapy sources that includes—
- (i) 200 hours of classroom and laboratory training in the following areas—
- (A) Radiation physics and instrumentation:
 - (B) Radiation protection;
- (C) Mathematics pertaining to the use and measurement of radioactivity; and
 - (D) Radiation biology; and
- (ii) 500 hours of work experience, under the supervision of an authorized user who meets the requirements in §35.490 or equivalent Agreement State requirements at a medical institution, involving—
- (A) Ordering, receiving, and unpacking radioactive materials safely and performing the related radiation surveys:
- (B) Checking survey meters for proper operation;
- (C) Preparing, implanting, and removing brachytherapy sources;
- (D) Maintaining running inventories of material on hand;